VON LUXBURG TAKEN

Former German Minister to Argentina Captured at Ranch House.

HAD TWO REVOLVERS

Advised Germany to Sink Argentine Vessels - Interned at Martin Garcia.

ondence of the Associated Press BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA Nov. 20.-Count Karl von Luxburg. the former German Minister to Argentina, who advised the German government to sink Argentine vessels without leaving a trace to tell of their fate, was armed with two revolvers and carried 300 cartridges when he was arrested by Argentine police be-fore being interned in a detention camp for Germans on the Island of Martin Garcia. He had in his possession 20,000 pesos.

His flight from Buenos Aires to a ranch in the southern part of Buenos Aires province and his arrest there was almost melodramatic. On the day Count Luxburg left the capital an order was sent to the police commissioner of the district in which he had taken refuge to arrest him. The commissioner found the Count at the ranch La Merced where he was guarded by a majordomo and twenty

Police Arrest Guards,

The police arrested the entire force and put them in one of the outhouses under guard, after which they went to Luxburg's room and knocked at the door. Upon hearing the summons, Luxburg called out:

"Who are you, and what do you want?" The commissioner replied that he

was a police official of the province and had come to arrest him, to which Luxburg replied:

"Neither a commissioner nor 100 commissioners can arrest me, as I am immune from arrest. I am the Minister of Germany."

Despite his protests, Luxburg was forced to leave his room, and the police immediately began their return trip. When they reacher Maipu with their prisoner, Luxburg was registered and searched as an ordinary police prisoner, and the police took from him his two revolvers, cartridges and 20,000 pesos.

Will Return to Germany. Luxburg was then sent to the is-land of Martin Garcia. It was announced that he would be permitted to sail for Europe as soon as arrangements had been made. At the births. camp he enjoyed less liberty than the interned German sailors. The island of Martin Garcia is considered a national fortress. The guard there was increased by 250 men on the day Count Luxburg arrived.

Soon after his internment, Luxburg attempted to obtain his release by writ of habeas corpus on the ground that he was unconstitutionally detained as a political prisoner. The application was overruled by a federal judge. Luxburg, or his friends then appealed to the Federal bench.

There is a law in the Argentine Republic, which is still in force, providing that the President, without legal process of any kind, can expel from the country any foreign subject whom he believes to be undesirable. Under this law the President could have sent Luxburg out of the country without his action being legally questioned. However, as a courtesy to the Foregin Minister, who had been handling the Luxburg affair, he permitted the order for Luxburg's detention to be made by the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

CITY AND CAMPUS

Lester Ayres returned to Kansas City today after visiting friends here. W. Collins returned to Pittsburgh, Pa., today after a visit here.

Miss Pearl Zaring went to Kennett today after visiting her parents. M. Welsh went to Kansas City to-

day. T. E. Windsor went to Hallsville today to visit his brother.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Shepherd went to St. Louis today to visit relatives. Claude Asbury went to his home at

Centralia today. Elmer Ward and J. Hall went to St. Louis today on business. Miss Juliet Bowling went to St.

Joseph today to visit Mrs. H. H. Broadhead. Mrs. Vergil Parmer and little

daughter went to Centralia today to visit relatives. Miss Loretta Devaney left for

Washington, Ia., today after visiting Mrs. M. E. Phillips went to Halls-

ville today to visit her daughter, Mrs. D. B. McCauley. Miss Janie Wilkinson returned to

her home at Huntsville today after visiting Mrs. Mary McCreary. Leo Barnes and J. H. Proctor returned to their home at Hallsville to-

Miss Velma Minor, a student in the University, went to Miami today to visit relatives.

Louis Williams, who has been visiting G. B. Bauer, went to his home at Bloomington, Ill., today.

Mrs. J. P. Kelly returned to her home at St. Louis this morning after visiting Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Morris. Mrs. C. W. Bridgewater and Mrs. John Scott, Sr., mother and grandmother of Mrs. B. J. Carl of Chris-tian College, returned to their homes at Memphis today after spending Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Carl. Barton Robnett went to New Orleans today after visiting his par-

ents, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Robnett. Pierce Niedermeyer went to Kansas City today to spend the remainder of the holidays.

Mrs. C. L. Feland, accompanied by her small daughter, returned to their home at Higbee today after visiting

Mrs. Mary Goldsberry.

Miss Eula Sprott returned to
Caruthersville today after visiting
her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Carl Weber, a student in the Uni-

versity of Nebraska, returned to Lincoln today after visiting his brother, A. G. Weber, a student in the School of Medicine of the University. Miss Irma Dumas, a graduate of

the University last year, returned today to Kansas City, where she teaches, after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Dumas. E. R. Gordon, a former student in

Edina today after visiting here. Miss Orpha Drumm, who was graduated from the University last year. returned to Bowling Green today, where she teaches domestic science in the high school.

MARRIAGE INCREASED BY WAR Sir Bernard Mallet Tells of Vital Sta-

tistics for Warring Countries. LONDON, Nov. 30 .- "Crudely stated, the war has resulted in 200,000 persons in the United Kingdom being married between August, 1914, and June, 1917, who in the ordinary course would not have married," says Sir Bernard Mallet, president of the Statistical Society.

The loss of potential lives to the in number of children born was perhaps the most important effect upon vital statistics produced by the war. he said. In births, the United Kingdom had suffered far less than Germany and Hungary, the United King-dom having lost 10,000 per each million of the population, Germany 40,-000 and Hungary 70,000 per million.

The infant mortality in the summer of 1917 appeared to have been very high in several German cities, and the German rate all through remained at some 50 per cent higher than in England.

birth-appeared to be established by civilians, were killed in the raid and the figures of the United Kingdom, the proportion of males having noticeably increased. Contrary to expectations, the war had produced no effect on the figures of illegitimate

vacancies in all departments. Have Francis of St. Louis, president of the calls for teachers daily. Only 31/2 Board of Curators of the University, per cent commission. Teachers' Em- the United States has the ablest and ployment Bureau, 208-209 C. R. S. most skillful diplomat in Russia. Bank Bldg., Cedar Rapids, Ia. 12tf In talks with attaches of the White

Yesterday's Late News

State Bank Deposits Increase. Deposits in Missouri state banks and trust companies on November 20, 1917 exceeded the deposits of November, 1916 by \$75,000,000, according to figures made public last night by

State Bank Commissioner Enright. The total deposits are \$519,000,000. This is the greatest volume of saving and other deposits in the history of Missouri banks. This does not include the money on deposit in the na-tional banks, which is known to exceed \$175,000,000. The amount on deposit in state and national banks is sufficient, if equally distributed, to give each man, woman and child in Missouri more than \$200.

U. S. Management Boosts Rall Stock Wall street expressed unqualified indorsement of President Wilson's plan for the Government to run the railroads, by a sweeping advance yes-terday in the securities market. The upturn was one of the most sensa-E. R. Gordon, a former state of the University, who has been in Y. tional seen in years. The assurance M. C. A. work at Camp Pike for the nance of railroad properties were the nance of railroad properties were the factors of the Government program which pleased investors and dealers in stocks and bonds. Orders to buy poured into brokers' offices from over all the country and the market was primed for a big advance long before

> Chinese Take Russian Garrison. In a fight between Chinese and Rusian Maximalist troops at Harbin, Manchuria, Wednesday morning, the Russians surrendered and were disarmed and made prisoner, according to a report, which is considered reliable, received at Tokio from Harbin. The advices say the Chinese now

Germans Inspired Bandit Raids. A reliable report was received at The loss of potential lives to the El Paso, Tex., yesterday that the belligerent countries by the decrease Mexican bandit raids into the Big Bend district of Texas were being inspired by Germans now operating south of the border in conjunction with American draft evaders. Federal officials are making a careful investigation of the reports.

occupy the garrison at Harbin.

The American cavalrymen killed ten members of the bandit band, wounded twenty and scattered the remaining bandits in the mountains south of the line. The total number of bandits now known to have been killed is eleven, although it is believed that more than twenty were killed and the bodies buried along the An alteration in the sex ratio of trail to Mexico. Three Americans, all one soldier and one civilian wounded.

Praises D. R. Francis.

Charles R. Crane, the Chicago manufacturer, who was a member of the American Mission to Russia, told President Wilson at the White Teachers wanted to fill emergency House yesterday that in David R

dent, Mr. Crane spoke enthusiastically of the manner in which Ambassa-

dor Francis handles what is now generally conceded to be the most diffi-cult diplomatic post in the world. Mr. Crane, who for years has been

student of Russian affairs and is thoroughtly conversant with the habits and temperament of the Russians, advanced the opinion that the bes assistance this country could give the revolution ridden land was to "leave it alone and permit the Russians to work out their own destiny."

Mr. Crane is certain that the efforts of the Bolsheviki, headed by Lenine and Trotzky, will fall in its efforts to make a separate peace with Germany. He believes that Germany will make peace impossible by rejecting the Bolsheviki "no annexations" doctrine.

REFUSE TO OBSERVE SHINTOISM Japanese Christians Protest Against

Government Coercion. TOKIO, Dec. 1.—Japanese Chris-tians of the various Protestant bodies celebrated the 400th anniversary of the day on which Martin Luther nailed his theses to the church door in Wittenburg, by protesting against the government's policy of compelling participation in Shinto rites. The day, being also the emperor's official birthday, gave a natural opportunity to express, first of all, the patriotic and faithful devotion of the Christian body to the imperial house. A declaration read by the Rev. Danji Ebana, who represents the extreme radical wing of the Congregationalists, contained one article reading:

"Freedom of religious belief is guaranteed to us by the constitution of our empire. We should exert ourselves in order to bring about a perfect realization of our rights under this provision. Consequently, the performances and events connected recently with shrines, the relation between those shrines and the national education, the many practices carried on in towns and villages, all of which are more or less coercive in nature, must be viewed as infringements of the freedom of religlous belief. We believe it to be the duty of the public-spirited men of our empire to correct these evils and to see't to bring about a more perfect realization of right and justice.

This action on the part of Protestant Christians in Japan has been precipitated by the transference of the government's department of religion from the home department to the department of education. It has always been a matter of debate as to whether the Shinto cult is a religion or not, but many of its ceremonies have a

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distinctively religious character and Louis to Miss Rebecca Morrison as such the enforcement of them in ols and at patriotic ceremonies is felt by Christians to be an infringement of religious liberty.

N. U. Graduate Married in St. Louis. versity, was married yesterday in St. fraternity.

Garesche at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. W. Garesche. 6121 Westminster place. Ensign Bis-bee has been ordered to sea and after a short honeymoon the bride will be Ensign Henry Fainsworth Bisbee, at home with her parents. Mr. Bisbee U. S. Navy, a graduate of the Uni-is a member of the Beta Theta Pi

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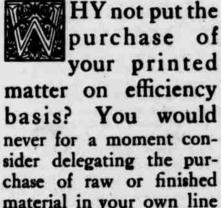
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